#### RIR CEC WORKSHOP

March 30, 2009

Assessment of Northern California Sub-Regional Renewable Transmission Integration Priorities Beyond 2010

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#### **Core Analysis Team:**

CEC: Michael Kane, Angela Tanghetti

CPUC: Brian Schumacher, Jesse Ante, Bob Elliott

CAISO: Gary DeShazo LLNL: Dora Yen-Nakafuji

SMUD: Craig Cameron, Foung Mua, Joe Tarantino

PG&E: Kang Ling Ching, Chifong Thomas

TANC: Larry Gilbertson, Brian Griess, Dave Larsen, Monte Meredith

WAPA: Phil Sanchez, Kirk Sornborger, Larry Tobias









## Agenda

- Objective of study
- Base case development
- 3. Generator injection analysis
- 4. Scenario development
- Transmission options
- Power flow results
- 7. Conclusions





#### **CA Integration Challenges**

Policy, Market & Technology Drivers

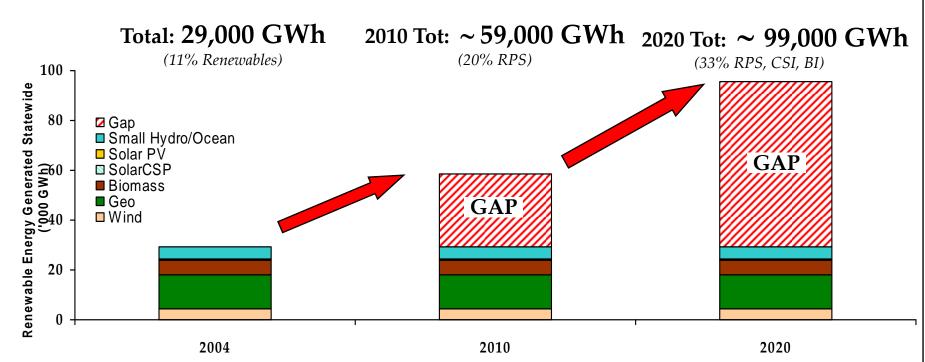
- Policy: RPS and accelerated Goals for 2010 and 2020 targets
- Market: Wind and geothermal resources are anticipated to be the largest contributors to meeting the RPS (kWh)
- Transmission Grid: System & operational changes to accommodate higher levels of renewables
  - Resource planning (infrastructure, models)
  - System reliability (regulation, load following, reserves, ramping)
  - Control & dispatch (process, tools)





### Motivation: Projected RPS Needs

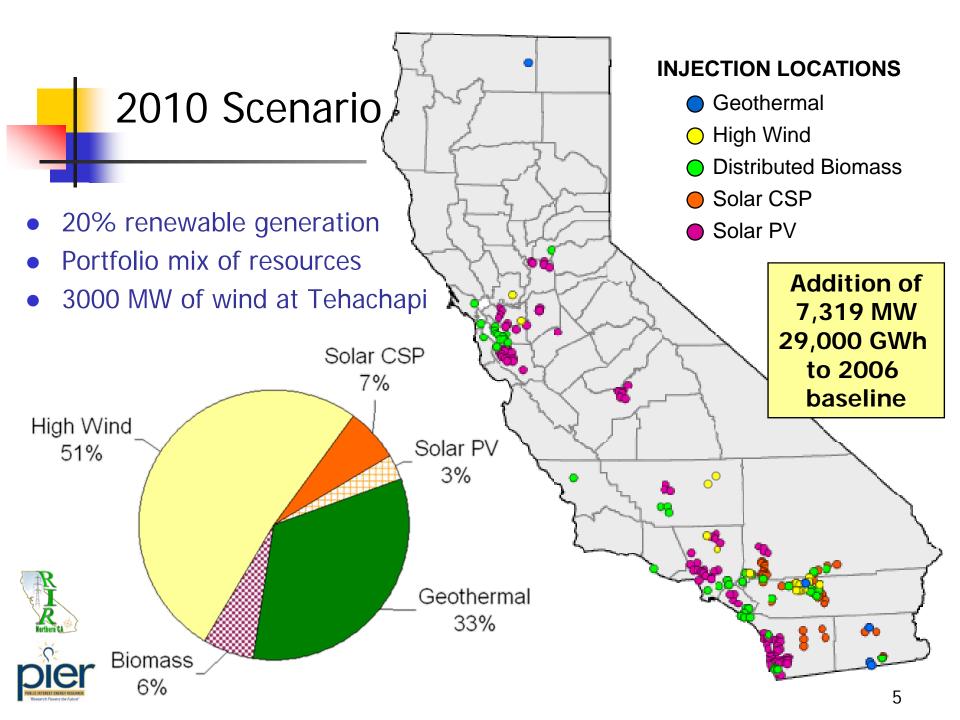
#### **Projected Renewables to Meet California Policy Goals**



Data Sources: 2004, CEC Electricity Report which includes all renewables in the State, not just IOUs; 2010 and 2020, PIER Renewables Projections.



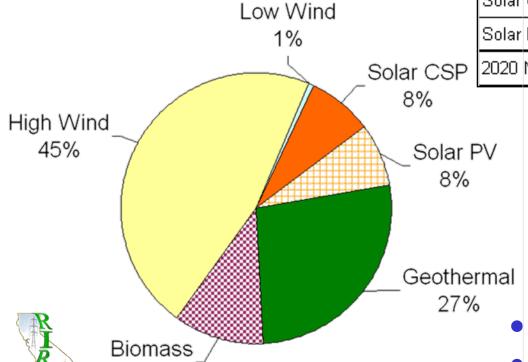






#### 2020 Scenario

Technology	MW	CF%	Energy (GWh)
Geothermal	2,385	90%	18,803
Biomass	980	8,3%	7,669
High Wind	9,961	37%	32,286
Low Wind	131	25%	396
Solar CSP	2,650	27%	5,442
Solar PV	3,000	20%	5,256
2020 Net Add-on	19,157		69,852



Addition of 19,157 MW 69,852 GWh to 2006 baseline

- 33% renewable generation
- Portfolio mix of resources

11%



### Statewide Objectives



- Focus on statewide transmission <u>planning options</u> to help meet policy objectives
- Focus on providing <u>quantitative impacts</u> (pros & cons) of various options on transmission reliability, congestions and mix of renewable technologies
- Develop <u>tools and analysis methods</u> to evaluate renewables along with conventional generation
- Provide a <u>common perspective</u> for evaluating different technologies competing for limited system resources
- Provide a <u>common forum</u> for Commissions, utilities and developers to examine the location and timing of new generation/transmission projects and public benefits of these resources





#### RIR - A Piece of the Puzzle



- A number of existing transmission planning & renewable integration activities within state, WECC and nation (e.g. Calso, Tehachapi, Imperial, SVA, IAP utility studies)
- Require coordinated national, state and industry effort to find a "fitting" solution







#### Objective

- Proactively facilitate planning the transmission system to support customer loads
  - in advance of availability of specific resource information and
  - beyond the confines of single transmission owners in Northern California for 2015 -2020 and beyond.

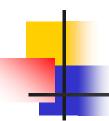




#### RIR - Structure

- Project Advisory Committee (PAC)
  - All Interested Stakeholders
    - monthly conference calls
    - Public workshops
- Core Analysis Team (CAT)
  - CEC: Michael Kane, Angela Tanghetti
  - CPUC: Brian Schumacher, Jesse Ante, Bob Elliott
  - CAISO: Gary DeShazo
  - LLNL: Dora Yen-Nakafuji
  - SMUD: Craig Cameron, Foung Mua, Joe Tarantino
  - PG&E: Kang Ling Ching, Chifong Thomas
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#### RIR - General Concept

- Laying a solid technical basis for Renewable Integration
  - Conceptual transmission
  - System reliability across multi-utility service areas
  - Preliminary route and engineering studies for cost estimates
- Will <u>not</u> cover:
  - Contractual issues
  - Cost Allocation
  - Commercial arrangement





#### Vision (Flexible Options) for Longterm Transmission for California

- Reliably serve Load
- Lowest possible cost to Customers in an environmentally responsible manner
- Enhance Market Efficiency, reduce Congestion where cost effective
- Connect Renewable Resources
- Maintain flexibility in developing transmission plans
- Address GHG & planning retirements of older units



#### Study Data & Technical Information

- Network Topology and Load
  - Based on latest available WECC and CAISO base cases
  - Renewable resource locations
- Resources information
  - CEC Reports & other Statewide, Regional & Local studies
  - Stakeholder Input

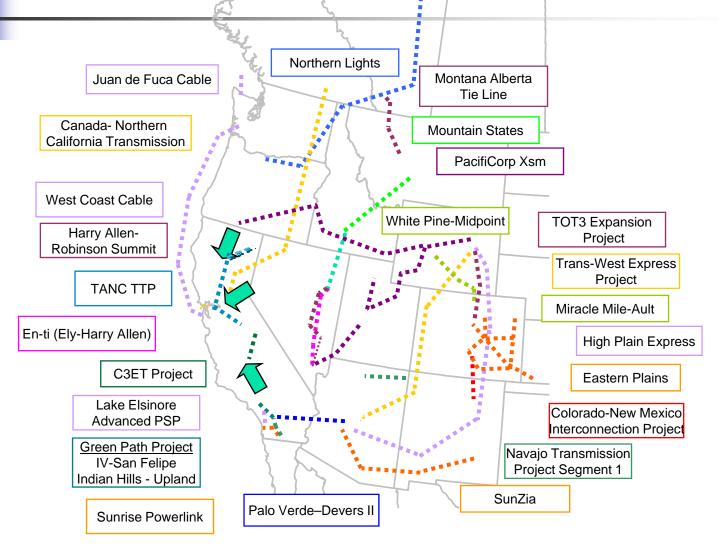


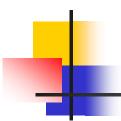
Potential Renewable Resources in WECC and Major Load Centers in California Mixed Wind Renewables **Small** Alberta mixed Renewables Hydro Wind B.C. Wind and Small Hydro **Geysers Geothermal** Mojave Solar Wind Montana Wind Wind Wind N.E. California, Oregon, Nevada Geothermal and Wind Wind Wind Pacific NW Wind Salton Sea Geothermal Geo Solano County Wind Tehachapi Wind Wyoming Wind Wind Solar \_ -- Major Load Centers in California Geo 14



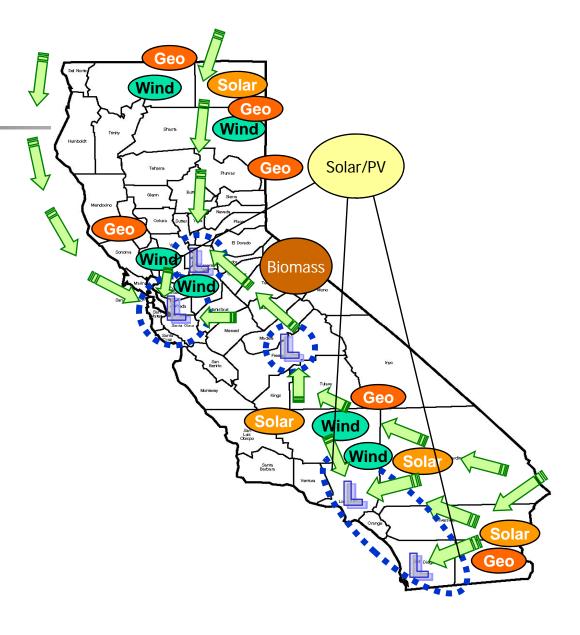


## Transmission under Consideration in WECC => Potential impacts on N CA System



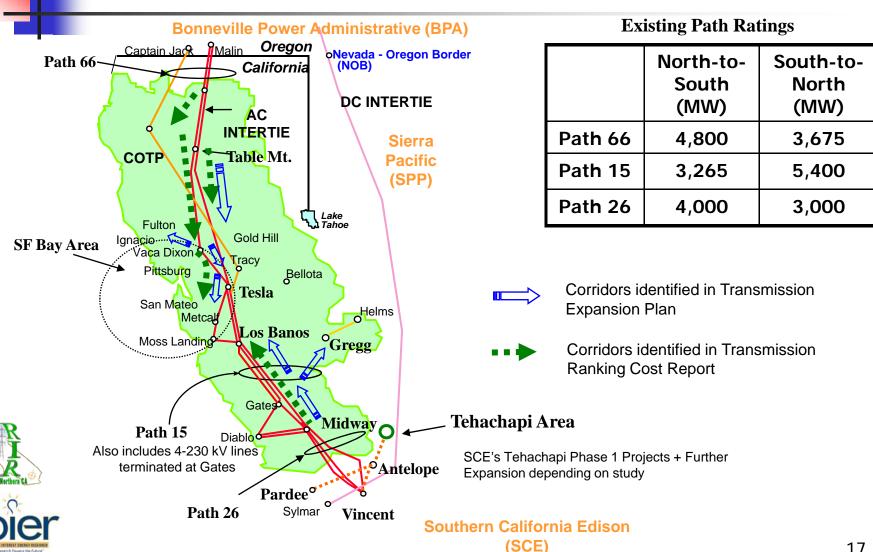


Possible
Future
Transmission
Corridors in
California





#### Promoting Multi-purpose Transmission Projects to Reduce Customer Risk/Increase Customer Benefits





## Proposed Methodology

- Develop resource scenarios based on sound transmission planning principles to supply projected demand in California based on information available (i.e. CaISO, CEC, other transmission working groups and the WECC for 2015 - 2020 and beyond)
- Develop transmission planning base cases covering peak (summer) and off-peak (winter) and other seasons as necessary (light spring).
- Develop transmission options for each resource scenario to supply projected load
- Analyze each option using transmission planning programs to develop conceptual transmission upgrades
- Identify the transmission upgrades that are <u>common</u> to more than two resource scenarios







# Proposed Methodology - continued

- Run sensitivity with projected load increased and decreased by X%
- Consider impact of varying climate conditions if applicable (i.e. hydro variation, carbon footprint reductions)
- Develop reconnaissance-level cost estimates for each transmission upgrade
- Rank the transmission upgrades based on:
  - Its estimated cost
  - Its ability to support the most economic scenarios
  - Its ability to support large number of resource scenarios
- Develop preferred ranking of transmission upgrades



